April 18, 2023

LAMINE SECKA
Chief of Police
0017

Subject: University of California Police Department Complaint Process (Systemwide) Report 2022-11

The final report for University of California Police Department Complaint Process (Systemwide) Report 2022-11, is attached. We would like to thank all members of the department for their cooperation and assistance during the review.

Because we were able to reach agreement regarding management action plans in response to the audit recommendations, a formal response to the report is not requested. The findings included in this report will be added to our follow-up system. We will contact you at the appropriate time to evaluate the status of the management action plans.

UC wide policy requires that all draft reports be destroyed after the final report is issued. We also request that draft reports not be photocopied or otherwise redistributed.

Christa Perkins
Director
Audit & Management Advisory Services

Attachment

cc: Judy Bruner
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University of California Police Department Complaint Process
(Systemwide)
Report No. 2022-11
April 2023

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .......................................................................................................................... 1  
II. BACKGROUND....................................................................................................................................... 2  
III. AUDIT OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, AND PROCEDURES ..................................................................................... 3  
IV. CONCLUSION......................................................................................................................................... 4  
V. SUPPORTING COMMENTS .................................................................................................................... 4  
   A. Complaints Process................................................................................................................................. 4  
   B. Use of Force Reporting........................................................................................................................... 6  

ADDENDUM 1 – SYSTEMWIDE POLICE PERSONNEL COMPLAINTS PROCESS AND USE OF FORCE REPORTING AUDIT, Project No. P22A006

ADDENDUM 2 – LOCAL (UCSD) RECOMMENDATIONS AND MANAGEMENT CORRECTIVE ACTIONS
I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Audit & Management Advisory Services (AMAS) has completed a review of University of California Police Department Complaint Process as part of a Systemwide Police Personnel Complaints Process and Use of Force Reporting Audit, under the direction of the University of California Office of the President (UCOP). This report supplements the Systemwide Police Personnel Complaints Process and Use of Force Reporting Audit, Project No. P22A006, issued by the Office of Ethics, Compliance, and Audit Services (ECAS) (Addendum 1).

The objective of our review was to evaluate UCSD police activities for UCSDPD complaints and use of force using a UCOP-provided audit program. We concluded that the UCSDPD processes for handling complaints and use of force reports were generally compliant with applicable policies. However, we did identify opportunities to strengthen policies and procedures in certain areas:

- Complaints Process
  - Timeliness of Completing Investigation
  - Notice to Complainant of Disposition of Complaint
  - Policy Crosswalk

- Use of Force Reporting
  - Supervisory Notification
  - Supervisor’s Administrative Reporting
  - Regular Review of Use of Force Incidents

Our observations and additional comments on selected UCSD practices evaluated in the scope of this review are discussed in Section V of this report.

In general, the opportunities for improvement noted for our campus aligned with observations in the Systemwide Audit Report (Addendum 1), and were addressed through the Systemwide recommendations. The Systemwide Audit Report contains a total of 6 recommendations, including 4 to systemwide stakeholder groups and 2 to the campus locations. We noted one additional recommendation related to the updating of local policy, once Systemwide policy is issued. The recommendations and management corrective actions (MCAs) for the audit recommendations are summarized in Addendum 2.
II. BACKGROUND

Audit & Management Advisory Services (AMAS) has completed a review of University of California Police Department Complaint Process as part of a Systemwide Police Personnel Complaints Process and Use of Force Reporting Audit, under the direction of the University of California Office of the President (UCOP). This report supplements the Systemwide Police Personnel Complaints Process and Use of Force Reporting Audit, Project No. P22A006, issued by the Office of Ethics, Compliance, and Audit Services (ECAS) (Addendum 1).

Under the University of California (UC) Police Department, the UC San Diego (UCSD) PD (the Department or UCSDPD) is responsible for law enforcement and protecting the lives and property of the general public, students, faculty, and staff at UCSD. As indicated in the University-wide Police Policies and Administrative Procedures, the sworn members of the department are peace officers pursuant to Penal Code Section 830.2(b), which provides them authority to enforce the law on UC campuses and the surrounding boundaries within one mile, and “in or about property owned, operated, controlled, or administered by the Regents of the University of California.” The Department also follows its own policies and procedures as prescribed by the UCSDPD Policy Manual (Policy Manual) and the California Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) regulations and standards as appropriate. The UCSDPD is led by a Chief of Police (Chief). When this review was initiated, an interim Chief was in place as a result of the retirement of the prior Chief. A new permanent Chief was appointed effective August 1, 2022.

Complaints Process

The safety and security of the campus is considered a joint effort. The UCSDPD works together with community members with the objective of building a safe and peaceful campus community where the educational, research and public service goals of the university can be achieved. The UCSDPD attempts to foster an open channel of communication with the community, which allows them to maintain the highest possible standards. Personnel complaints consist of any allegation of misconduct or improper job performance against any employee and may be generated by staff as well as the public. Complaints help to protect the university community from possible misconduct and to provide a basis for a thorough and impartial investigative procedure to protect those departmental employees who perform their duties properly. The UCSDPD promptly and thoroughly investigates all citizen and anonymous complaints to:

- Preserve the morale and integrity of the department and its personnel;
- Foster public trust and confidence in the department and its personnel; and
- Ensure that corrective or disciplinary action is taken when appropriate.

The Department receives complaints through several means: by phone, through the UCOP Whistleblower Hotline, by email (via the Ask-A-Cop interface), by US or campus mail, or in person.

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1 Per California Education Code Section 92600: “University of California Police.”
Use of Force Reporting

The use of force by law enforcement personnel is a matter of critical concern, both to the public and to the general law enforcement community. Officers are involved on a daily basis in numerous and varied interactions and, when warranted, are authorized to use objectively reasonable force in carrying out their duties. Officers are required to have an understanding of, and appreciation for, their authority and limitations of such authority. This is especially true with respect to dealing with non-compliant and/or resistive subjects while engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties. Officers are expected to carry out their duties, including the use of force, in a manner that is fair and unbiased. Generally, use of force is defined as the application of physical force, chemical agents, or weapons to another person.

The Department currently uses BlueTeam² as the software platform for the documentation of incidents, including complaints and uses of force, for the review and approval routing process.

III. AUDIT OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, AND PROCEDURES

The objective of our review was to evaluate UCSD police activities for UCSDPD complaints and use of force using a UCOP-provided audit program. In order to achieve our objective, we performed the following procedures:

- Reviewed the following:
  - The UCSDPD organization chart;
  - Draft Systemwide Complaints Policy;
  - University of California systemwide complaints data;
  - UCSDPD calls for service from 2016-2021;
  - UCSDPD complaints data from 2019-2021 representing 14 complaints;
  - UCSDPD use of force incidents data from 2019-2021 representing 53 use of force incidents;
  - UCSDPD Personnel Complaints Policy; and
  - UCSDPD Use of Force Policy, adopted from the Interim Policies by all 10 UC Police Departments;
- Interviewed the (now former) Interim UCSDPD Chief and UCSDPD Business Manager;
- Evaluated the following:
  - A sample of five complaints with included supporting documentation; and
  - A sample of five use of force incidents with included supporting documentation;
- Tested the following:
  - Each selected complaint report was tested for compliance against the local policies provided by the UCSDPD; and
  - Each selected use of force incident report was tested for compliance against the local policies provided by the UCSDPD.

² BlueTeam is the frontline software for IAPro, a set of specialized applications designed to support professional standards, front-line uniform and supervisory elements of an organization.
IV. CONCLUSION

Based on our review procedures, we concluded that the UCSDPD processes for handling complaints and use of force reports were generally compliant with applicable policies. However, we did identify opportunities to strengthen policies and procedures in certain areas. We also noted from discussions with the UCSDPD Police Chief that a new system (Shield) is being implemented to replace the former system, Blue Team. The Police Chief asserts that this new record-keeping system has modules specifically for complaints and use of force incidents that he anticipates will address the observations AMAS noted. Our observations and additional comments on selected UCSD practices evaluated in the scope of this review are discussed in Section V of this report.

In general, the opportunities for improvement noted for our campus aligned with observations in the Systemwide Audit Report (Addendum 1), and were addressed through the Systemwide recommendations. The Systemwide Audit Report contains a total of 6 recommendations, including 4 to systemwide stakeholder groups and 2 to the campus locations. We noted one additional recommendation related to the updating of local policy, once Systemwide policy is issued. The recommendations and management corrective actions (MCAs) for the audit recommendations are summarized in Addendum 2.

V. SUMMARY OF LOCAL OBSERVATIONS

A. Complaints Process

Timeliness of Completing Investigation

UCSDPD policy states that every investigator or supervisor assigned to investigate a personnel complaint or other alleged misconduct shall proceed with due diligence in an effort to complete the investigation within one year from the date of discovery by an individual authorized to initiate an investigation. In the event that an investigation cannot be completed within one year of discovery, the assigned investigator or supervisor shall ensure that an extension or delay is warranted within the exceptions set forth in California Government Code § (CGC) 3304(d) or CGC § 3508.1.

We identified a population of complaints for which an investigation was initiated for the audit period specified (between 2019 and 2021). A sample of five complaints were selected, and, for each sample, we reviewed supporting documentation provided by UCSDPD to evaluate whether the investigation was completed within 12 months of the complaint’s intake.

Two instances were noted where the complaint investigation appeared to take longer than the 12 months as required by local UCSD policy. In the first instance, the date of investigation completion was approximately 13 months after the date of complaint intake. In the second instance, the date of investigation completion was 16 months after the date of complaint intake.

If the investigation is not completed timely according to policy, there is an increased risk that the outcome of the complaint will be affected due to the availability of evidence, witnesses, or other factors.
This finding is summarized in the UCOP Audit Report in Section III.2, and a recommendation to locations is included in Addendum 2 as Recommendation 2.1.

**Notice to Complainant of Disposition of Complaint**

UCSDPD policy stipulates that written notice of the findings shall be sent to the complaining party within 30 days of the UCSDPD Chief’s final review. In our sample of five complaints, we reviewed supporting documentation to evaluate the disposition of the complaint and communication to the complainant.

We noted in two instances where the disposition of the complaint was communicated to the complainant greater than 30 days after the date of the complaint’s resolution. In the first instance, the disposition of the complaint was not communicated to the complainant until approximately 60 days later. In the second instance, the disposition of the complaint was not communicated to the complainant until approximately 90 days later.

If the disposition of the complaint is not communicated to the complainant timely after the date of the complaint’s resolution, it increases the risk that public trust in the complaint process will be diminished.

This finding is summarized in the UCOP Audit Report in Section III.2, and a recommendation to locations is included in Addendum 2 as Recommendation 2.1.

**Policy Crosswalk**

The UCOP Systemwide report noted that there was no systemwide policy governing handling of complaints. A Draft systemwide policy has been developed, but not finalized. As such, there was wide variation in campus policies on complaints processing. We noted that the UCSDPD Personnel Complaints Policy does not specifically incorporate certain elements of the Draft Systemwide Complaints Policy in relation to the following significant areas:

- Acceptance of complaints – annual auditing of the complaints log;
- Handling of complaints:
  - No department may conduct an investigation of its own Chief;
  - Follow-up contact with the complainant should be attempted within a reasonable timeframe;
  - Informing the complainant of the name and contact number of the complaint investigator along with the complaint number;
  - That complainant and witness interviews should be conducted during respective regular business hours or during a mutually agreed upon time;
- Administrative investigation discipline shall comply with departmental and university policies as well as any collective bargaining agreement, statute or law;
- Annual audit of personnel complaints;
- Annual publishing of complaints data to the public.

Incorporating these elements into the local personnel complaints policy can increase transparency and public trust in the complaint process.

The variances in local policy to the systemwide draft was discussed in the Systemwide report, however there is no related systemwide recommendation. Local Recommendation A.1 in Addendum 2 addresses this finding.
Supervisory Notification

UCSDPD policy stipulates that supervisory notification of a use of force incident shall be made as soon as practicable following any of the following circumstances:

- a) Any use of force as defined in section 802 of this Chapter
- b) Any display of weapons or control devices to gain compliance
- c) Any person alleges any use of force
- d) The individual indicates intent to pursue litigation with allegations of use of force
- e) Any application of a restraint device to a non-compliant subject
- f) A non-Injury or Property Damage Intentional Discharge of a Firearm Incident
- g) Unintentional discharge of a firearm or control device.

We identified a population of use of force reports for the audit period specified. A sample of five use of force reports was selected. Each sampled use of force report was reviewed to evaluate whether each of the required elements a-g was present.

We noted in one of the files sampled that the use of force incident occurred, but the Use of Force Review Group was not notified until approximately four months later. If the supervisory review group is not notified of a use of force incident timely, it may affect the decision-making process of the investigation.

While this exception was not specifically mentioned in the UCOP Audit Report, Recommendation 4.1 in Addendum 2 to ensure procedures for use of force reporting conform to local policy requirements addresses this finding.

Supervisor’s Administrative Reporting

UCSDPD policy also stipulates that, once notified, the supervisor shall respond to the scene in a timely manner (in every instance described in section 818 of the local UCSDPD policy). The supervisor will investigate the incident and complete a Supervisor's Use of Force form. In the event that a supervisor is unable to respond to the scene of an incident involving the reported application of force, the supervisor is still expected to complete as much of the supervisor's Use of Force form as circumstances permit.

We reviewed the sample of five use of force reports to evaluate whether each of the Use of Force Forms were fully completed. We noted on one of the selected use of force reports that the information in the report for one of the officers involved did not appear to be completed.

The Information for officers involved in a reported use of force incident should be gathered in case follow-up of the use of force incident is necessary. Not including the information for an officer involved in a use of force incident may preclude an investigation and/or cause the public to increase their distrust of law enforcement.

While this exception was not specifically mentioned in the UCOP Audit Report, Recommendation 4.1 in Addendum 2 to ensure procedures for use of force reporting conform to local policy requirements addresses this finding.
Regular Review

UCSDPD policy also indicated that, at least annually, the Chief shall designate a member to prepare an analysis report on use of force incidents. The report should be submitted to the Chief. The report should not contain the names of officers, suspects, or case numbers, and should include:

a. The identification of any trends in use of force by members
b. Training needs recommendations
c. Equipment needs recommendations
d. Policy revision recommendations

Copies of the analyses reports on use of force incidents were requested for each year during the audit period specified. Per the Interim Chief, analyses reports on use of force incidents had not been prepared on a regular basis. The Interim Chief commented that this reporting will be implemented on an annual basis.

Not analyzing use of force incidents for the identification of trends and training or equipment needs increases the risk that unnoticed issues may become pervasive and difficult to remedy.

This finding is summarized in the UCOP Audit Report in Section III.4, and a recommendation to locations is included in Addendum 2 as Recommendation 4.1.
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
ETHICS, COMPLIANCE AND AUDIT SERVICES
INTERNAL AUDIT SERVICES

SYSTEMWIDE POLICE PERSONNEL COMPLAINTS PROCESS AND
USE OF FORCE REPORTING AUDIT
Project No. P22A006
February 2023
University of California
Ethics, Compliance and Audit Services
Systemwide Police Personnel Complaints Process and Use of Force Reporting Audit
Table of Contents

I. Executive Summary .............................................................................................................. 4
II. Background ......................................................................................................................... 7
III. Opportunities for Improvement and Recommendations .................................................. 10
    1. Lack of Current Systemwide Police Personnel Complaints Policy .............................. 10
    2. Noncompliance with Local Complaint Policies ........................................................... 11
    4. Noncompliance with Local Policies and Opportunities for Improvement on Use of Force Reporting ................................................................................................................. 14
    5. Opportunities for Improvement in Public Reporting on Complaints ............................. 15
Appendix A: Complaints Data Analysis ................................................................................ 17
Appendix B: Management Corrective Actions for Recommendations to Office of Systemwide Community Safety ................................................................................................................. 19
I. Executive Summary

Introduction

In accordance with the fiscal year 2021-22 University of California (UC) audit plan, the systemwide Office of Ethics, Compliance and Audit Services (ECAS) oversaw a systemwide audit of the police personnel complaints process. This audit was included in the plan in response to recommendations from the 2019 Report of the Presidential Task Force on Universitywide Policing. ECAS performed this audit in coordination with the internal audit departments at all UC campuses using a standard systemwide audit program.

ECAS developed this summary report based on information gathered by each location’s internal audit department. It provides a consolidation of the systemwide findings and a set of corresponding recommendations to address these findings. These recommendations include a set of recommendations to the Office of Systemwide Community Safety and a separate set of recommendations to the location police departments. Each campus’s internal audit department will issue a separate report presenting management corrective actions to address each of this report’s recommendations to the local police departments.

Objectives and Scope

The objectives of the systemwide audit of the police personnel complaints process and use of force reporting were as follows:

1. Verify complaints are being taken properly by ensuring all employees are adhering to local policies, procedures, and standards.
2. Verify use of force reports comply with applicable laws and local requirements.
3. Evaluate consistency of applicable police department policies and procedures between campuses.

The 2019 Report of the Presidential Task Force on Universitywide Policing included the following recommendations related to handling of complaints and use of force reporting, which served as the basis for the scope of this systemwide audit:

- **Recommendation 1**: UCPD Council of Chiefs should collaboratively create a uniform complaint process for all UC locations and ensure that complaints regarding police officers can be submitted in writing, by email, in person, online or by telephone and that those complaints are appropriately investigated.
- **Recommendation 6**: Every complaint should be tracked from intake through final disposition. The tracking system should be capable of capturing information regarding the complaint sufficient to perform trend analysis.
- **Recommendation 7**: ECAS should conduct audits to verify complaints are being taken properly and to ensure all employees are adhering to UC policies and procedures and individual departments’ standards.
- **Recommendation 8**: UCPD and all campuses should identify review criteria for complex complaint cases and determine the appropriate investigative entity to handle such cases.
• **Recommendation 9:** No individual UC police department should be permitted to investigate allegations of misconduct directed at its chief.

• **Recommendation 12:** Departments shall document and review each use of force to determine whether the force used was in compliance with applicable policy and law.

• **Recommendation 22:** ECAS should audit UCPD complaint investigations and use of force reports.

The scope of the audit included all 10 UC campus police departments. Internal audit departments at each of the 10 UC campuses conducted audit procedures using a common audit program that ECAS developed for this review. These audit procedures generally consisted of interviews, process walkthroughs with location police department personnel, and sample testing to evaluate compliance with local policy requirements and applicable laws. The primary documents used to assess compliance were local personnel complaints and use of force policies and state law. The audit was focused on adherence to procedural requirements and did not attempt to re-investigate complaints or provide an assessment of investigation results. The local internal audit departments summarized the results of these procedures and provided them to ECAS for the development of this report. ECAS then reviewed this information and requested clarification and additional information when necessary.

As part of this audit, Internal Audit conducted an analysis of three years of police personnel complaints data. This analysis is included in Appendix A.

The observations that we list in this report represent a summary of the issues noted in local audit fieldwork. As noted above, each campus will issue a separate audit report that addresses these systemwide issues as well as any specific local issues not already addressed in this report. See Appendix B for agreed-upon management corrective actions for each of the recommendations to the Office of Systemwide Community Safety. For each recommendation to the locations, the locations will identify management corrective actions with assigned target dates. ECAS will review the campuses’ management corrective actions to ensure that they appropriately address the systemwide recommendations. Ultimately, the campus internal audit departments, with oversight from ECAS, will track these management corrective actions to ensure completion.

**Overall Conclusion**

In the absence of current systemwide policies addressing requirements for handling complaints and use of force reporting, Internal Audit evaluated the handling of complaints and use of force reporting against local policy requirements and statutory requirements. Internal Audit noted several instances of noncompliance with local policy requirements and some opportunities for improvement of use of force reporting. Additionally, Internal Audit found that local policies lacked important requirements regarding handling personnel complaints. Internal Audit recommends that the Office of Systemwide Community Safety update systemwide policies to address requirements for handling police department complaints and use of force reporting to ensure that complaints and use of force reports are handled appropriately and consistently at all UC campuses.
In our review of the University’s recently implemented public reporting on police personnel complaints, Internal Audit noted opportunities for improvement in classifying complaints based on allegation category.

These opportunities for improvement and associated recommendations are described in detail in this report. See Appendix B for agreed-upon management corrective actions for each of the recommendations to the Office of Systemwide Community Safety.
II. Background

Introduction

University of California police departments serve nearly 500,000 students, faculty, and staff across the University’s ten campuses and five medical centers. Each year their officers respond to hundreds of incidents across the system, some of which result in complaints of misconduct or unprofessional behavior\(^1\) or use of force\(^2\) when interacting with the public. Personnel complaints consist of any allegation of misconduct or improper job performance against any employee and may be generated by staff as well as the public.

Though ostensibly governed by the Universitywide Police Policies and Administrative Procedures, the campus police departments consider this document to be outdated and the University is in the process of revising this systemwide policy document. Currently, each University of California campus police department is following its own policies and procedures for reporting, handling, and communicating about internal and external complaints alleging misconduct or improper job performance by an employee (personnel complaints) and use of force reporting. These policies and procedures vary by campus, both in breadth and depth, and apply to administrative (commonly known as internal affairs) but not criminal investigations.

The following sections describe the requirements generally found in local police department policies for complaint handling and use of force reporting.

Complaints

Reporting

To facilitate the reporting of a complaint, obtain necessary information for its investigation, and maintain consistency of the information collected, most departments require that complaint forms be available in the public area of the police department’s facility, and most of them also require that the form be available on the department’s website. As noted above, personnel complaints may be generated internally and indeed, several departments require members to report misconduct that they become aware of. However, certain departments’ policies state that complaints shall not be prepared unless the allegations, if true, would result in disciplinary action, which, as we note in our observations, is inconsistent with the statutory requirement that they shall retain even frivolous complaints.\(^3\)

In addition, not all departments require all complaints to be documented in a log. Some of those departments that do require it provide the option for supervisors to document informal complaints solely as log entries, rather than formally documenting them on a complaint form. Logging of complaints facilitates annual audits of complaint logs, which the majority of departments’ policies encourage.

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\(^1\) 2019 Report of the Presidential Task Force on Universitywide Policing (p. 5).

\(^2\) Generally, use of force is defined as the application of physical force, chemical agents, or weapons to another person.

\(^3\) California Penal Code 832.5(c)
Handling

Almost all individual departments’ policies require that they provide their chief with complaints, but none of them address to whom they should provide complaints for which the chief is the subject. Most campus policies also require that an investigator notify the chief when the potential for criminal charges against an accused member exists.

Another role that the chief plays in complaint handling is assignment of the investigator, whom most departments’ policies require be of greater rank than the accused member unless the department refers the investigation to an external entity, although none of them limit the authority to initiate an investigation to their chief or chief’s designee. Despite the common requirement that an investigator be of higher rank than an accused member, almost none of the departments’ policies prohibit them from investigating their own chief. For allegations of sexual, racial, ethnic, or other forms of prohibited harassment or discrimination, all departments’ policies require that specified police department personnel seek direction from certain internal or external parties, which vary by department. In cases of potential criminal conduct, most departments’ policies require a separate criminal investigation apart from any administrative investigation.

Most departments’ policies encourage completion of investigations within one year, although exceptions include requiring completion within 45 days with a potential extension to 60 days and expecting completion within either 30 or 60 days depending upon complexity. Ultimately the investigator will complete a report on the complaint, and while the report elements specified in departments’ policies vary, all address the investigation report format.

Complainant Communications

Departments’ policies require that they communicate with complainants at a number of points in the complaint process. To begin, departments’ policies vary in their treatment of complaint acknowledgment, with some not addressing written notification, several not specifying the number of days within which complainants are to be notified, a few allowing three days, and another allowing seven. Next, the majority of the departments’ policies encourage the assigned investigator to follow up with the complainant following receipt of the complaint; a number of these specify either 24 hours or “immediately.” Another communication that departments may send early in the complaint process involves informing the complainant of their complaint number and the assigned investigator’s name and contact information. The time frames prescribed by departments’ policies for this communication are inconsistent or absent, with several specifying three days, another seven days, and half not addressing it. All but a few departments’ policies require that they provide notification of disposition to the complainant within 30 days of the end of the complaint process. Similarly, all but a few departments’ policies require that they provide the complainant with written notification of the complaint investigation’s findings within 30 days of disposition, with some of those not specifying a time frame and another not addressing this communication.

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4 These personnel vary by campus and include the watch commander or shift supervisor, assistant chief, and chief.

5 These parties vary by campus and include the watch commander or shift supervisor, chief, human resources office, and Title IX or equal opportunity office.
Analysis and Transparency

Some departments’ policies state that they should perform an annual audit of personnel complaints that is to include the total number of complaints submitted and their disposition along with an analysis of trends and patterns, but most of those do not specify a due date. One department’s policy states that they will annually publish aggregated data regarding the previous year’s complaints, including the number of complaints filed and their disposition.

Use of Force Reporting

Definition of Use of Force

In the context of policing, use of force generally refers to the application of physical force, chemical agents, or weapons to another person. Most local use of force policies include their own definition of use of force for the purposes of local reporting requirements, and several of them contain similar language.

Departmental Use of Force Reporting

Generally, local policies require that any use of force by a member of their police department be documented promptly, completely, and accurately in an appropriate report, depending on the nature of the incident. This is referred to as “use of force reporting” throughout this report.

Statutory Use of Force Reporting

Pursuant to Government Code (GC) §12525.2, California law enforcement agencies must collect data on certain use of force incidents beginning January 1, 2016, for submission to the California Department of Justice (DOJ) beginning January 1, 2017. Specifically, GC §12525.2 directs law enforcement agencies to report incidents involving:

- The shooting of a civilian by a peace officer
- The shooting of a peace officer by a civilian
- A use of force by a peace officer against a civilian that results in serious bodily injury or death
- A use of force by a civilian against a peace officer that results in serious bodily injury or death

Information reported should include the following elements:

1. The gender, race, and age of each individual who was shot, injured, or killed
2. The date, time, and location of the incident
3. Whether the civilian was armed, and, if so, the type of weapon
4. The type of force used against the officer, the civilian, or both, including the types of weapons used
5. The number of officers involved in the incident
6. The number of civilians involved in the incident
7. A brief description regarding the circumstances surrounding the incident, which may include the nature of injuries to officers and civilians and perceptions on behavior or mental disorders
III. Opportunities for Improvement and Recommendations

1. Lack of Current Systemwide Police Personnel Complaints Policy

The University does not have a current systemwide policy addressing the requirements for handling complaints submitted to local police departments, local policy requirements vary, and local policies do not include significant requirements.

As noted above, although ostensibly governed by the Universitywide Police Policies and Administrative Procedures, the campus police departments consider this document to be outdated and so are following their own individual policies and procedures for reporting, handling, and communicating about internal and external complaints alleging misconduct or improper job performance by an employee. This variation in policies and procedures results in inconsistent complaint handling across campus police departments, as illustrated by the following, which constitute only a few of numerous examples:

- Not all departments’ policies require that each complaint they receive be documented in a log, and some of those that do may use their complaint log as the only documentation of informal complaints.
- Some departments’ policies do not address whether they are to communicate acknowledgment of complaints in writing, others do address the matter but do not specify the time frame within which they are to do so, and those that do specify a time frame vary in the number of days allotted for the communication to occur. Similarly, the time frames prescribed by departments’ policies for informing the complainant of their complaint number and the assigned investigator’s name and contact information are inconsistent or absent.
- The expected time frame for investigation completion specified in departments’ policies is generally one year for most departments, but as low as 30 to 60 days for some of them.

In addition, even in policy areas where police departments are generally consistent, typically at least some campus policies diverge from those of their peers. For example, most, but not all, departments’ policies require that complaint forms be available in the public area of the police department’s facility. Similarly, most, but not all, departments’ policies also require that complaint forms be available on the department’s website.

Importantly, Internal Audit observed that some local policies do not include certain significant requirements:

- Several departments’ policies do not include language requiring that they both log and follow up on all personnel complaints. Certain departments’ policies state that complaints shall not be prepared unless the allegations, if true, would result in disciplinary action, yet as noted above, state law specifies that they shall retain even frivolous complaints. Beyond this legal requirement, the interests of all stakeholders would be best served by fully documenting the receipt and handling of all complaints, regardless of their severity.
- Only one of the departments’ policies includes language prohibiting a member of the department from investigating its own chief, yet the inherent conflict of interest present in
such an investigation would result in a lack of independence that undermines its credibility.

- Not all departments’ policies require that a complaint investigator be of greater rank than the accused member unless the department refers the investigation to an external entity.
- Not all departments’ policies require a separate criminal investigation apart from any administrative investigation when the accused member may be subject to criminal liability.

**Recommendations:**

The Office of Systemwide Community Safety should:

1.1 Finalize and implement a systemwide policy addressing specific requirements for handling police department complaints. The policy should:
- Include all relevant statutory requirements
- Incorporate best practices that currently exist in local policies and procedures
- Require that departments log all complaints, regardless of the severity of the alleged activity
- Require that departments formally document all complaints, regardless of whether the alleged activity, if true, would result in disciplinary action or constitute a legal or policy violation
- Prohibit departments from investigating complaints against their own chief
- Require that a complaint investigator be of greater rank than the accused member unless the department refers the investigation to an external entity
- Require a separate criminal investigation apart from any administrative investigation when the accused member may be subject to criminal liability

2. **Noncompliance with Local Complaint Policies**

**Testing identified instances of noncompliance with local policies on complaint handling.**

Internal Audit evaluated complaint handling procedures and documentation by testing a sample of complaint documentation against local policy requirements. The following instances of noncompliance were observed (number of campuses noting each observation is indicated in parentheses):

**Acceptance of Complaints**

- Complaint forms were not maintained in a clearly visible location (three campuses)
- Complaint form was not available online (one campus)
- Department did not maintain a complaints log (one campus)
- Department complaints log was incomplete (three campuses)

**Communication with Complainants**

- Late or missing written acknowledgement of complaint to complainant (two campuses)
Late or missing communication to the complainant of investigation information (two campuses)

Notice to the complainant of the disposition of the complaint was late (four campuses), not available/retained (three campuses), or indeterminable based on available evidence (one campus)

Written notification of the completion of the investigation to the complainant was late (four campuses), not available/retained (three campuses), undeterminable based on available evidence (one campus), or incomplete (location did not provide a copy of the original complaint with the notification) (one campus)

Complaints Involving Prohibited Harassment or Discrimination

Complaints involving prohibited harassment or discrimination were not appropriately forwarded to the designated campus office (one campus)

Timeliness of Investigation

Investigations were completed late per local policy requirements (three campuses, including one where investigations were completed late without documented chief approval for the delay as required by local policy)

Investigation Reporting/Resolution

Investigation report did not follow the required format (one campus)
Evidence of required report distribution not available (two campuses)
Department did not maintain a log of complaints not constituting misconduct (two campuses)

Auditing

Department did not complete the required annual audit of the complaints log (three campuses)
Department did complete periodic audits of the complaints log, but they did not complete an annual audit report (one campus)
Department did not complete the required annual audit of the personnel complaint process (one campus)

Retention of Personnel Complaint Records

Two case files could not be located (one campus)
Complaint records were not retained in accordance with policy (two campuses)

Recommendations:

Location police departments should:

2.1 Either ensure procedures for complaint handling conform to local policy requirements or, where appropriate, update policy language to reflect current practice.
3. Lack of Current Systemwide Policy on Use of Force Reporting

The University does not have a current systemwide policy addressing the requirements for handling use of force reporting, and local policies are inconsistent.

UC does not have a current systemwide policy covering police department use of force reporting. And while all location police departments have local use of force policies, they are inconsistent across locations and do not address important requirements.

For example, one location notes that their local use of force policy should be updated to reflect Senate Bill 16 requirements, and two locations note that local policies do not address elements required by California Government Code §12525.2.

Each local policy in most cases includes its own definition of use of force, several of which contain similar language. However, use of force definitions are inconsistent between local UC police departments. For example:

- Some local policies define use of force generally as “the application of physical force, chemical agents or weapons to another person.”
- One location uses the words “techniques and tactics” in place of “physical force” in the prior definition.
- One location qualifies reportable use of force as “The application of physical techniques/tactics, chemical agents or weapons to effect an arrest, to prevent escape or to overcome resistance by another person.” (Italics added.)

Use of force criteria for documentation or reporting are inconsistent between local UC police departments. For example:

- Some local policies explicitly state, “Any use of force by a member of this department shall be documented promptly, completely and accurately in an appropriate report, depending on the nature of the incident.”
- Some locations include the clause “display of a weapon or control device to gain compliance” as part of their use of force documentation or the reporting section of their policy.
- Some local policies do not require documentation or reporting of all use of force events. For example, one local use of force policy has a section titled “Non-Reportable Use of Force Defined,” which states, “It is not a reportable use of force when a person allows themselves to be searched, escorted, handcuffed, or restrained. Pain compliance, joint locks or control holds that only cause temporary discomfort to restrain a subject are not a reportable use of force.”

There is also a disparity in the number of reported use of force cases across locations even taking into account the size of the location. For example, one location had 61 use of force reports in 2021 and three locations had zero reported for the same time period. Although these differences alone do not establish that locations have inaccurately reported their use of force cases, absent a systemwide definition of use of force and consistent documentation requirements, locations may not properly or completely log use of force actions.
Recommendations:

The Office of Systemwide Community Safety should:

3.1 Develop and implement a systemwide policy addressing specific requirements for use of force reporting. At a minimum, the policy should:
   - Establish a consistent definition of use of force for internal reporting purposes
   - Clarify that all use of force should be documented and reported
   - Specify how instances of use of force should be documented and reported
   - Incorporate best practices that currently exist in local policies and procedures

4. Noncompliance with Local Policies and Opportunities for Improvement on Use of Force Reporting

Testing identified instances of noncompliance with local policies and opportunities to improve protocols to reduce the risk of noncompliance with statutory requirements.

Internal audit evaluated compliance with selected reporting requirements in local use of force policies and state law and noted opportunities for improvement.

At one location, the chief of police or designate did not regularly prepare an annual analytical report on use of force incidents as required by local policy.

Although not statutorily required by the circumstances of these cases, the following data elements were not captured for certain use of force cases selected for review:

   a. Age of individual subject to the use of force was not recorded in all cases tested for one location
   b. Gender and age of individual subject to the use of force was not recorded in all cases tested for one location
   c. Whether the civilian was armed was not recorded for some cases tested for one location

As a best practice, routinely capturing the elements required by California Government Code §12525.2 for all reported use of force instances would avoid the risk of noncompliance with this statute.

Recommendations:

Location police departments should:

4.1 Ensure procedures for use of force reporting conform to local policy requirements and implement review procedures to ensure that all elements of California Government Code §12525.2 requirements are met. Specifically, the age of individuals shot, injured, or killed and whether they were armed should be recorded on use of force reports.
5. Opportunities for Improvement in Public Reporting on Complaints

The allegation categories used for public reporting on police personnel complaints are insufficient to cover the nature of all complaint allegations received and some categories appear to be partially redundant.

In July 2022, the University launched a public-facing Civilian Complaints Dashboard which reports monthly data on civilian complaints involving UC police departments. The dashboard breaks down civilian complaints by circumstances, allegations, and results, along with UC affiliation of complainants.

For our complaints data analysis presented in Appendix A, Internal Audit collected data from campus police departments. The departments were asked to use the categories and category definitions developed by the UC police departments for the initial deployment of the Civilian Complaints Dashboard. Internal Audit did not validate data to source documentation as part of this data collection effort. While preparing this analysis, Internal Audit noted a significant number of complaint allegations that the campus police departments did not assign to one of the defined categories developed by the UC police departments. Specifically, over the three years covered by this analysis, 53 of the 208 total allegations, or 25%, were categorized as “other.” This observation indicates that the allegation categories used for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard are insufficient to cover the nature of all complaint allegations received by UC police departments. Further, based on comments provided by the police departments on the nature of complaints categorized as “other,” ECAS found that some of those complaints could potentially be reclassified into one of the existing categories.

Upon subsequent review of the Civilian Complaints Dashboard in December 2022, Internal Audit noted that three additional allegation categories were added, but definitions were not provided for these additional categories. To provide the most transparency to the public on the nature of complaints received by UC police departments, the departments should seek to minimize the number of complaints classified in the “other” category.

Additionally, in our analysis of the category descriptions and definitions used for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard, Internal Audit noted that there is some overlap in the descriptions and definitions for two categories: “Unprofessional Conduct” and “Unethical Behavior or Unprofessional Conduct” (see Appendix A for the descriptions and definitions for these categories). To reduce the risk of confusion or lack of clarity among those responsible for collecting data for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard and the users of the dashboard, the University should ensure that each category is clearly distinguishable from other categories based on its description and definition.

**Recommendations:**

The Office of Systemwide Community Safety should:

5.1 Establish an ongoing process to review allegations that fall into the “other” category to identify potential additional categories of complaint allegations for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard. All new categories should have clear definitions that are communicated to all parties responsible for data collection and to the public. As new
allegation categories are added, historical complaints should be reassessed to determine if they should be reclassified into the newly added categories.

5.2 Review allegation categories used for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard and update them to remove any overlap in category descriptions and definitions. Update historical data to ensure allegation categories conform to updated category descriptions and definitions.
### Appendix A: Complaints Data Analysis

The Office of Ethics, Compliance and Audit Services (ECAS) performed an analysis of three years of UC police department complaints. As some complaints involved multiple allegations, they are broken down by each individual allegation. Each total represented in the tables below reflects the total allegations in that category. This data was collected by UC internal auditors from each local UC police department. Internal Audit did not validate data to source documentation. Internal Audit collected the data using the categories and category definitions developed by the UC police departments for the UC Community Safety: Civilian Complaints Dashboard.

This data was collected by UC internal auditors from each local UC police department. Internal Audit did not validate data to source documentation. Internal Audit collected the data using the categories and category definitions developed by the UC police departments for the UC Community Safety: Civilian Complaints Dashboard.

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### Allegation Category Definitions

**Discourtesy** is rude or impolite behavior exhibited by a law enforcement agent.

**False detention** occurs when a person intentionally and unlawfully restrains, confines or detains another person and compels them to stay or go somewhere and the person did not consent to the restraint, confinement or detention.

**Harassment** is defined as violence or credible threat of violence intended to seriously scare, annoy someone and there is no valid reason for it.

**Improper search and seizure** occur when an officer conducts a search without a warrant or without probable cause to believe that evidence of a crime is present.
Racial profiling involves the discriminatory practice by law enforcement officials to target individuals for suspicion of crime based on the individual’s ethnicity, race, religion or national origin.

Unethical behavior or unprofessional conduct can involve any of the following:
- a) A violation of law
- b) A violation of a person’s civil rights
- c) A violation of agency policies and procedures
- d) A breach of ethical behavior or professional responsibility.

Unprofessional conduct occurs when a law enforcement officer fails to maintain a professional standard of performance, exercises that degree of skill, care, diligence and expertise, or manifest that professional demeanor and attitude which is ordinarily exercised and possessed by other persons in similar positions.

Unreasonable use of force refers to force in excess of what a police officer reasonably believes is necessary, given the circumstances of the interaction.

Other is used when the allegation cannot be assigned to one of the defined allegation categories.

**Result/Outcome Categories**

Complaint Withdrawn: The complainant affirmatively indicates the desire to withdraw their complaint.

No Finding: The complainant failed to provide additional information needed to complete the investigation.

Not Sustained: When the investigation discloses that there is insufficient evidence to sustain the complaint or fully exonerate the employee.

Exonerated: When the investigation discloses that the alleged act occurred but that the act was justified, lawful and/or proper.

Unfounded: When the investigation discloses that the alleged act(s) did not occur or did not involve Department personnel. Complaints, which are determined to be frivolous, will fall within the classification of unfounded.

Sustained: When the investigation discloses sufficient evidence to establish that the act occurred and that it constituted misconduct.

Investigation in Process: At the time of data collection, no outcome had been identified as the investigation was still in process.
## Appendix B: Management Corrective Actions for Recommendations to Office of Systemwide Community Safety

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
<th>Management Corrective Action</th>
<th>Target Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1.1 | Finalize and implement a systemwide policy addressing specific requirements for handling police department complaints. The policy should:  
• Include all relevant statutory requirements  
• Incorporate best practices that currently exist in local policies and procedures  
• Require that departments log all complaints, regardless of the severity of the alleged activity  
• Require that departments formally document all complaints, regardless of whether the alleged activity, if true, would result in disciplinary action or constitute a legal or policy violation  
• Prohibit departments from investigating complaints against their own chief  
• Require that a complaint investigator be of greater rank than the accused member unless the department refers the investigation to an external entity  
• Require a separate criminal investigation apart from any administrative investigation when the accused member may be subject to criminal liability | The Office of Systemwide Community Safety, in coordination with the Council of Chiefs, will finalize and implement an interim systemwide policy addressing specific requirements for handling police department complaints. The policy will incorporate best practices currently performed by location police departments and will include all of the requirements listed in recommendation 1.1. This policy will remain in place until a revision of the Universitywide Police Policies and Administrative Procedures (Gold Book) is completed. | August 30, 2023 |
| 3.1 | Develop and implement a systemwide policy addressing specific requirements for use of force reporting. At a minimum, the policy should:  
• Establish a consistent definition of use of force for internal reporting purposes  
• Clarify that all use of force should be documented and reported  
• Specify how instances of use of force should be documented and reported  
• Incorporate best practices that currently exist in local policies and procedures | The Office of Systemwide Community Safety, in coordination with the Council of Chiefs, will develop and implement an interim systemwide policy addressing specific requirements for use of force reporting. The policy will incorporate best practices currently performed by location police departments and will include all of the requirements listed in recommendation 3.1. This policy will remain in place until a revision of the Universitywide Police Policies and Administrative Procedures (Gold Book) is completed. | August 30, 2023 |
<p>| 5.1 | Establish an ongoing process to review allegations that fall into the “other” category to identify potential additional categories of complaint allegations for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard. All new categories should have clear definitions that are communicated to all parties responsible for data collection and to the public. As new allegation categories are added, historical complaints should be reassessed to determine if they should be reclassified into the newly added categories. | The Office of Systemwide Community Safety, in coordination with the UC Davis Director of Investigations and Institutional Research and Academic Planning, will establish an ongoing process to review allegations that fall into the “other” category to identify potential additional categories of complaint allegations for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard. All new categories will have clear definitions that are communicated to all parties responsible for data collection and to the public. As new allegation categories are added, historical complaints will be reassessed to determine if they should be reclassified into the newly added categories. | August 30, 2023 |</p>
<table>
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<th>Recommendation</th>
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<td>5.2</td>
<td>Review allegation categories used for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard and update them to remove any overlap in category descriptions and definitions. Update historical data to ensure allegation categories conform to updated category descriptions and definitions.</td>
<td>The Office of Systemwide Community Safety, in coordination with the UC Davis Director of Investigations and Institutional Research and Academic Planning, will review allegation categories used for the Civilian Complaints Dashboard and update them to remove any overlap in category descriptions and definitions and update historical data in the dashboard to ensure allegation categories conform to updated category descriptions and definitions.</td>
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## ADDENDUM 2

Management Corrective Actions based on the Systemwide Report

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<tr>
<td>** Recommendation **</td>
<td>** Management Corrective Action **</td>
<td>** Target Date **</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>2. Non-Compliance with Local Complaints Policies</strong></td>
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<td>2.1 Location police departments should either ensure procedures for complaints handling conform to local policy requirements or, where appropriate, update policy language to reflect current practice.</td>
<td>UCSDPD will ensure that procedures for handling complaints conform to local policy requirements, specifically to ensure that investigations are completed timely, and complainants are notified of the disposition of a complaint within policy timeframe.</td>
<td>12/1/2023</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>4. Non-compliance with Local Policies and Regulations on Use of Force Reporting</strong></td>
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| 4.1 Ensure procedures for use of force reporting conform to local policy requirements and implement review procedures to ensure that all elements of California Government Code §12525.2 requirements are met. Specifically, age of individual shot, injured or killed and whether the civilian was armed should be recorded on use of force reports. | UCSDPD will ensure that procedures for handling complaints conform to local policy requirements and implement review procedures to ensure that all required elements are met. This will include procedures to ensure:  
- Timely notification to the Use of Force Review Group.  
- Administrative reporting is complete.  
- Annual reports are reviewed by the Chief. | 2/1/2024 |

### Recommendations from Local Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation</th>
<th>Management Corrective Action</th>
<th>Target Date</th>
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| A.1 UCSDPD should update the local personnel complaints policy to align with the systemwide policy including annual auditing of the complaints log, handling of complaints contacts, communications and interviews, discipline compliance, an annual complaints audit and annual complaints data publishing. | UCSDPD will either update the local personnel complaints policy or adopt systemwide policy. The policy updates will include the addition of the following areas:  
- Annual auditing of the complaints log.  
- Handling of complaints contacts, communications and interviews.  
- Discipline compliance.  
- An annual complaints audit.  
- Annual complaints data publishing. | 12/1/2023 |